A New Heat Tool





NWS HeatRisk

Guidance for NWS heat products, Emergency Managers & Public Health Decision Makers

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Historically, NWS has used different Heat Criteria across the US

Heat Index vs temps?

Near Record Max Temps?



Max temp 105 degrees or greater with min temp 75 or greater?

Heat-Health System?

Advisories and/or Warnings?

Duration?

Coastal versus mountains?



Why a new Tool

 We need to have a better way to monitor, communicate and warn of excessive heat.

NWS HeatRisk is our solution!

Heat Health Research indicates...

- Criteria should consider seasonal timing
- Complex and diverse climate

- Results:

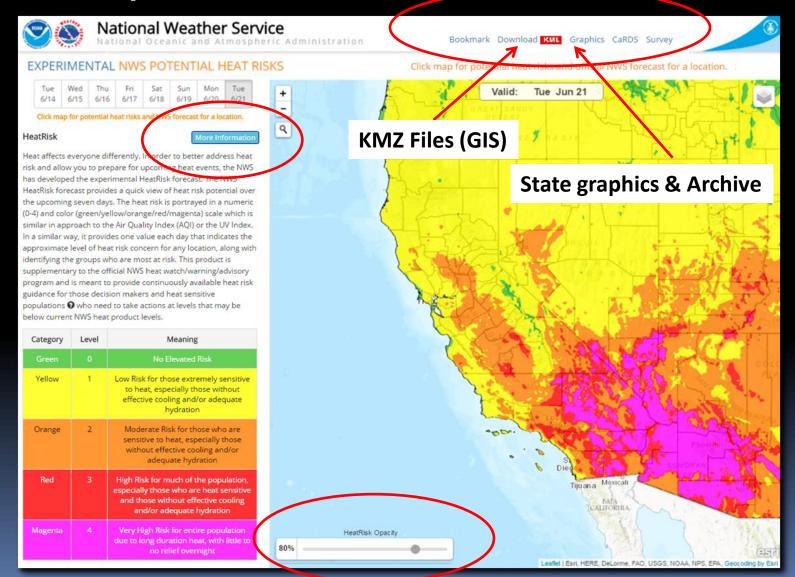
- Using high temperature and duration worked best as a primary driver of heat impacts
- Overnight lows and humidity play some role, but less important
- Multi-tiered system that accounts for vulnerabilities of different populations would be beneficial

What is HeatRisk

- An approach to highlight heat events that is climatologically based vs a "one size fits all" heat index number
- Thresholds are based on seasonality
- The HeatRisk website will provide a concise way to view where and when heat might have the greatest potential impacts out to 7 days

NWS HeatRisk Tool

https://www.wrh.noaa.gov/wrh/heatrisk/

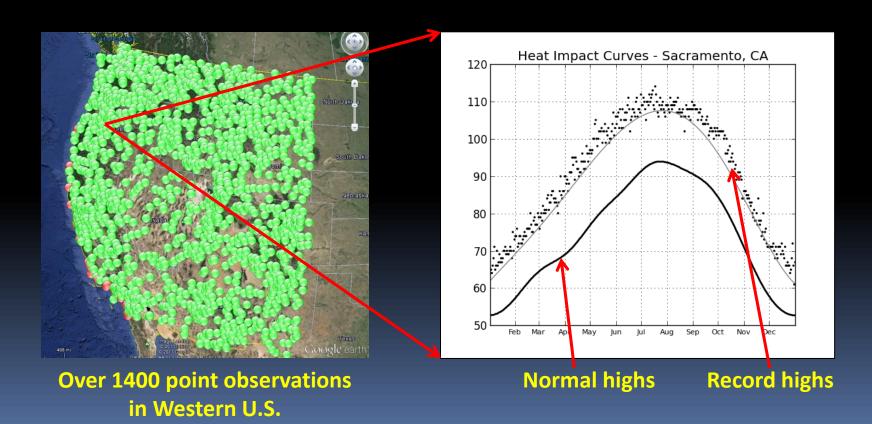


The Science What does it consider?

- How significantly above normal high and low temperatures are at your location in a 24 hour period
- Time of year (e.g. early season vs typical summer heat)
- Duration of unusual heat expected
- If overnight lows and humidity allow temporary relief or enhancement of the heat wave

How Can We Do This?

For each weather observation point: Develop local relationships which use near record high and low temperatures as the foundation.

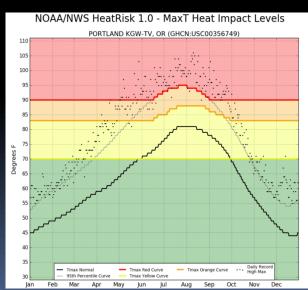


How Can We Do This?

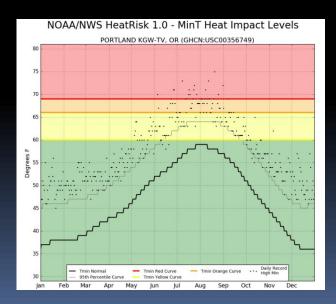




Utilize a high resolution climatology database to create unique thresholds at all other points over a 2.5 X 2.5 km grid in the Western U.S.



Max Temperature Curves



Min Temperature Curves

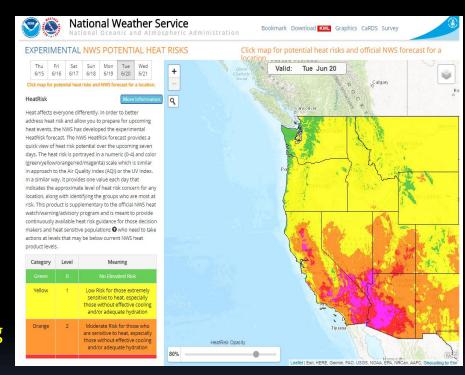
How will NWS use this?

http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/wrh/heatrisk/?wfo=pqr

- Monitor HeatRisk output and use to increase messaging
- Consider HeatRisk when issuing NWS Heat Products
 - Heat Watch
 - Heat Warning
 - Heat Advisory

This daily value indicates the level of heat risk concern for any location, along with identifying the groups who are most at risk.

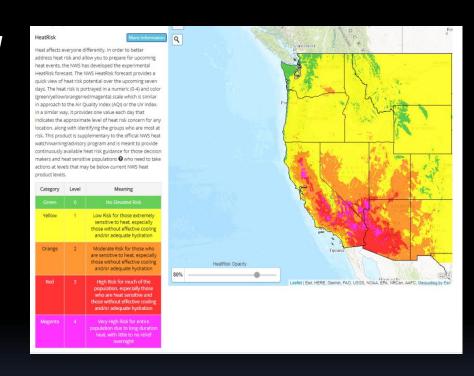
Essentially, the higher the value, the greater the potential heat risk



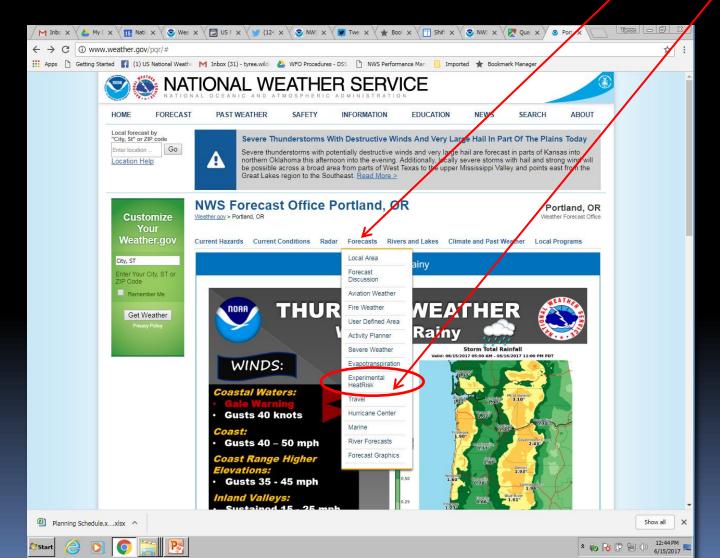
How can you use it?

http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/wrh/heatrisk/?wfo=pqr

- Is available to 7 days
 - Takes advantage of updated data and gridded NWS forecasts
- Don't have to wait for NWS products to prepare
 - If you see orange or red in days 3-7 in your area, start messaging and making mitigation plans etc.
- Easy to understand and use
 - Allows users and partners to take actions needed at their time scale using a simple color scale of potential impact levels
 - The higher the value, the greater the potential heat risk.

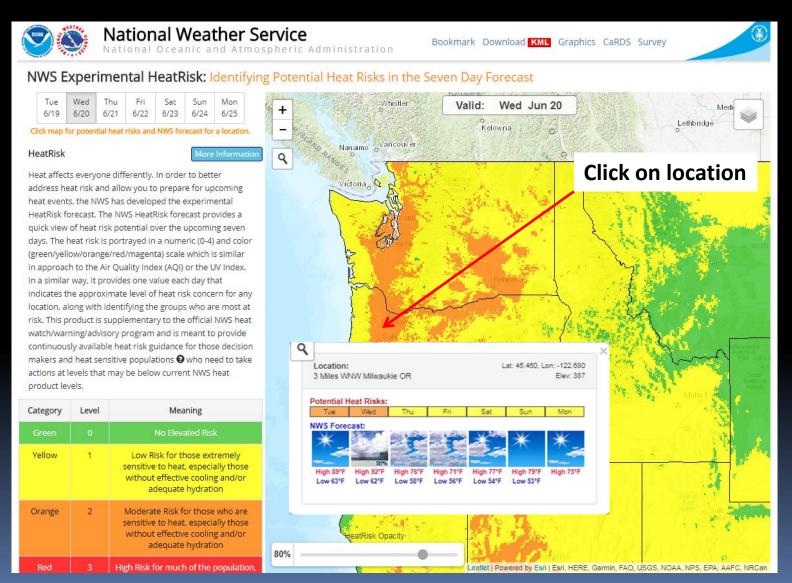


Where to Find it? (weather.gov/portland)



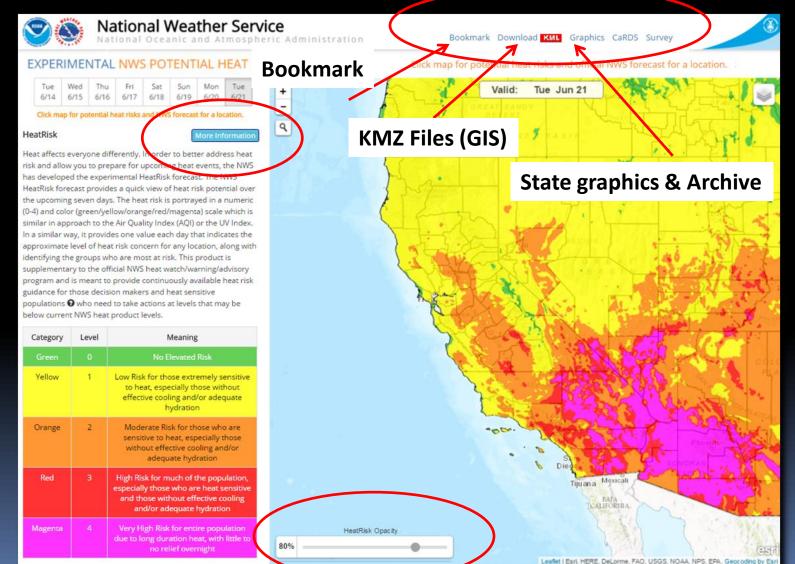
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NWS HeatRisk Tool

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Questions?

Resources

weather.gov/portland

http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/wrh/heatrisk

Extra Slides

NOAA/NWS HeatRisk v1.0 - PORTLAND INTL AP - 2009 GHCN USW00024229

