Earthquake Ready Burnside Bridge: Supplemental Draft Environmental Impact Statement

Attachment N

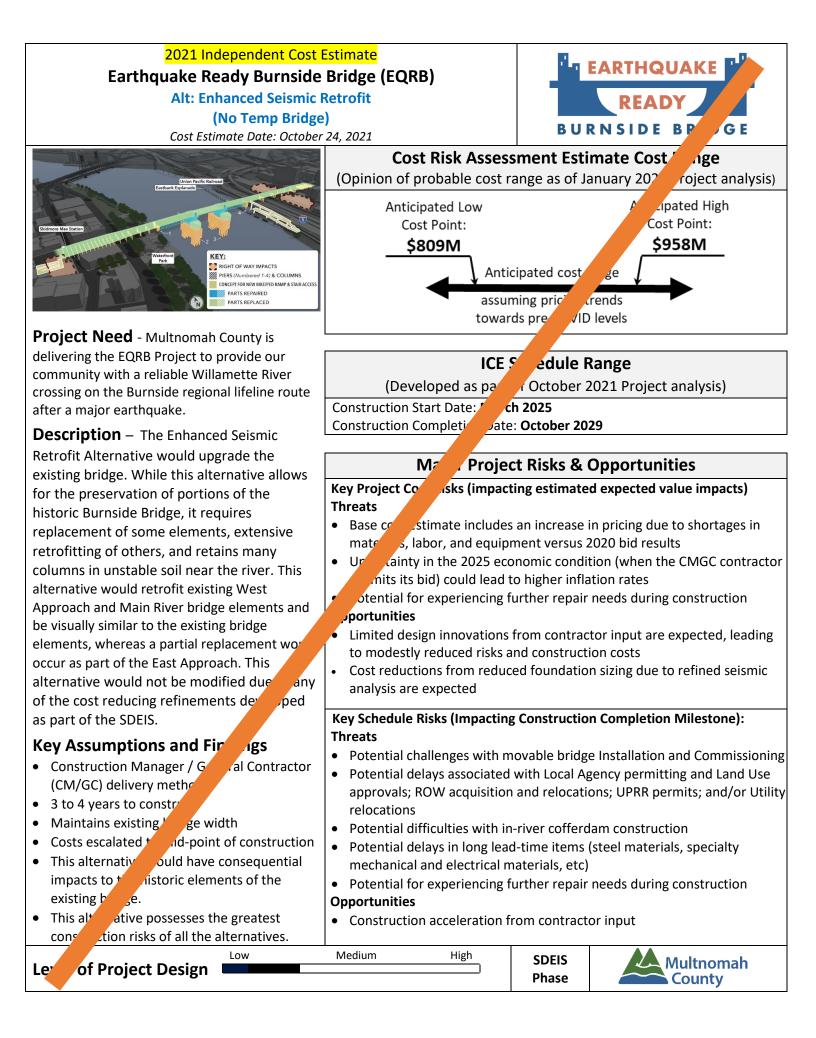
Cost Risk Assessment Summaries

For other questions including those related to the Americans with Disabilities Act and Civil Rights Title VI accommodations, call 503-988-5050. You can also call Oregon Relay Service 7-1-1 or email <u>burnsidebridge@multco.us</u>. For information about this project in other languages please call 503-988-5970.

Para obtener información sobre este proyecto en español, ruso u otros idomas, llame al 503-988-5970 o envíe un correo electronico a <u>burnsidebridge@multco.us</u>.

Для получения информации об этом проекте на испанском, русском или других языках, свяжитесь с нами по телефону 503-988-5970 или по электронной почте: <u>burnsidebridge@multco.us</u>.

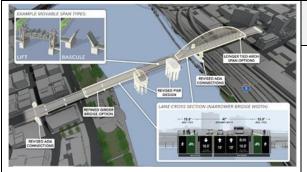




2021 Independent Cost Estimate Earthquake Ready Burnside Bridge (EQRB) Alt: Revised Replacement Alternative with Long-span Approach

(No Temp Bridge)

Cost Estimate Date: October 24, 2021; Updated January 2022



Project Need - Multnomah County is delivering the EQRB Project to provide our community with a reliable Willamette River crossing on the Burnside regional lifeline route after a major earthquake.

Description – The Revised Replacement Alternative with Long-span Approach would replace the existing Burnside Bridge with a new movable bridge in the same location and length as the existing bridge with support structure above the roadway surface, resulting in fewer columns below. This means there are longer spans between columns on the East Approach. Compared to the DEIS version of this alternative, this alternative's SDEIS bridge section is narrower by approximately 26 feet.

Key Assumptions and Findings

- Construction Manager / General Contractor (CM/GC) delivery method
- 4 to 5 years to construct
- Bridge width reduced to 4 vehicle lanes, and Bike/ped space between 14' and 17'
- West Approach is a Girder bridge type
- River Movable Span is a Bascule bridge type
- East Approach is either a Cable Supported or Tied Arch bridge type
- Traffic to be detoured to adjacent bridges during construction
- This alternative was recommended because it is the most seismically resilient, has the lowest cost, and has the fewest natural resources impacts of any replacement alt.



EARTHQUAKE

ICE Schedule Range

towards pre-COVID levels

(Developed as part of October 2021 Project analysis)

Construction Start Date: March 2025

Construction Completion Date: August 2030

Major Project Risks & Opportunities

Key Project Cost Risks (impacting estimated expected value impacts) Threats

- Base cost estimate includes an increase in pricing due to shortages in materials, labor, and equipment versus 2020 bid results
- Uncertainty in the 2025 economic condition (when the CMGC contractor • submits its bid) could lead to higher inflation rates

Opportunities

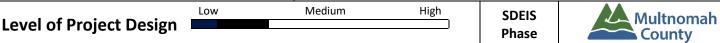
- Design innovations from contractor input is expected, leading to reduced • risks and construction costs
- Cost reductions from alternative or reduced ground improvement measures are expected
- Cost reductions from reduced foundation sizing due to refined seismic analysis are expected

Key Schedule Risks (Impacting Construction Completion Milestone): Threats

- Potential challenges with movable bridge Installation and Commissioning ٠
- Potential delays associated with City permitting and Land Use approvals; ROW acquisition and relocations; UPRR permits; and/or Utility relocations
- Potential difficulties with in-river cofferdam construction
- Potential delays in long lead-time items (steel materials, specialty mechanical and electrical materials, etc)

Opportunities

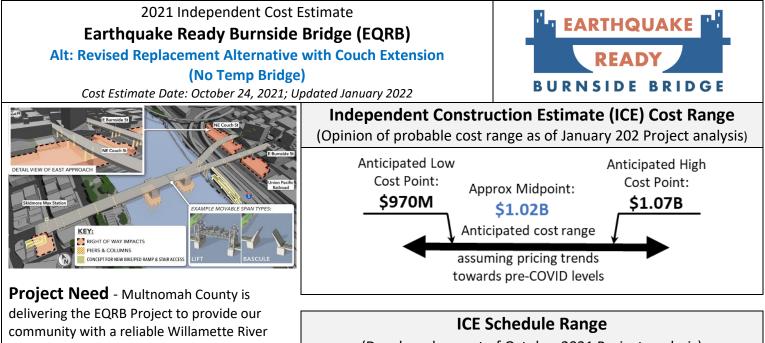
- Construction acceleration from contractor input
- Use of full depth precast deck panels to accelerate construction



2021 Independent Cost Estimate **EARTHQUAKE** Earthquake Ready Burnside Bridge (EQRB) Alt: Revised Replacement with Short Span Approach READY (No Temp Bridge) **BURNSIDE BRIDGE** Cost Estimate Date: October 24, 2021; Updated January 2022 Independent Construction Estimate (ICE) Cost Range EVAMPLE MOVABLE CRANT (Opinion of probable cost range as of January 2022 Project analysis) Anticipated Low Anticipated High Cost Point: Cost Point: Approx Midpoint: \$885M \$980M \$930M Anticipated cost range KEY: RIGHT OF WAY IMPACTS PIERS & COLUMNS CONCEPT FOR NEW BIKE/PED RAMP & STAIR ACCES assuming pricing trends towards pre-COVID levels Project Need - Multnomah County is delivering the EQRB Project to provide our **ICE Schedule Range** community with a reliable Willamette River crossing on the Burnside regional lifeline route (Developed as part of October 2021 Project analysis) after a major earthquake. Construction Start Date: March 2025 **Description** – The Revised Replacement Construction Completion Date: August 2030 Alternative with Short-span Approach would **Major Project Risks & Opportunities** replace the existing Burnside Bridge with a new movable bridge in the same location and length Key Project Cost Risks (impacting estimated expected value impacts) as the existing bridge with support structure Threats above the roadway surface, resulting in fewer Base cost estimate includes an increase in pricing due to shortages in columns below. This means there are longer materials, labor, and equipment versus 2020 bid results spans between columns. Compared to the DEIS Uncertainty in the 2025 economic condition (when the CMGC contractor • version of this alternative, this alternative's submits its bid) could lead to higher inflation rates SDEIS bridge section is narrower by **Opportunities** approximately 26 feet. Design innovations from contractor input is expected, leading to reduced • risks and construction costs **Key Assumptions and Findings** Cost reductions from reduced foundation sizing due to refined seismic Construction Manager / General Contractor analysis are expected (CM/GC) delivery method 4 to 5 years to construct **Key Schedule Risks (Impacting Construction Completion Milestone):** Bridge width reduced to 4 vehicle lanes, and Threats Bike/ped space between 14' and 17' Potential challenges with movable bridge Installation and Commissioning West Approach is a Girder bridge type • Potential delays associated with City permitting and Land Use approvals; River Movable Span is a Bascule bridge type ROW acquisition / relocations; UPRR permits; and/or Utility relocations • Potential difficulties with in-river cofferdam construction East Approach is a Girder bridge type, ٠ Potential delays in long lead-time items (steel materials, specialty requiring two additional supports with geotechnical improvements vs Long span mechanical and electrical materials, etc) Significant geotechnical mitigation within Willamette River and near Traffic detoured during construction freeway structures Due to seismic risks with supports in the **Opportunities** geotechnical hazard zone near the Construction acceleration from contractor input Willamette river, the increase in-water impacts, and its higher cost, this alternative is not the Preferred Alternative. low Medium High SDEIS Multnomah Level of Project Design

Phase

County



community with a reliable Willamette River crossing on the Burnside regional lifeline route after a major earthquake.

Description – The Revised Replacement Alternative with Couch Extension has the same West Approach and Main River Movable Span portions as the Short Span Alternative. The East Approach, however, would extend legs to the Burnside/Couch couplet, thus resulting in a bridge that splits just east of the movable span. Compared to the DEIS version, the SDEIS bridge section is narrower for the portion that extends on Burnside Street. The East Approach extension to Couch St is equivalent to that described in the DEIS.

Key Assumptions and Findings

- Construction Manager / General Contractor (CM/GC) delivery method
- 4 to 5 years to construct
- Bridge width reduced to 4 vehicle lanes, and Bike/ped space between 14' and 17'
- West Approach is a Girder bridge type
- River Movable Span is a Bascule bridge type
- East Approach is a split Girder bridge type, requiring two additional supports with geotechnical improvements for each leg
- Traffic detoured during construction
- Due to seismic risks with supports in the geotechnical hazard zone near the Willamette river, the increase in-water impacts, and its higher cost, this alternative is not the Preferred Alternative.

Low

Level of Project Design

Medium

High

SDEIS Phase



Major Project Risks & Opportunities Key Project Cost Risks (impacting estimated expected value impacts)

Key Project Cost Risks (impacting estimated expected value impacts) Threats

- Base cost estimate includes an increase in pricing due to shortages in materials, labor, and equipment versus 2020 bid results
- Uncertainty in the 2025 economic condition (when the CMGC contractor submits its bid) could lead to higher inflation rates

Opportunities

- Design innovations from contractor input is expected, leading to reduced risks and construction costs
- Cost reductions from reduced foundation sizing due to refined seismic analysis are expected

Key Schedule Risks (Impacting Construction Completion Milestone): Threats

- Potential challenges with movable bridge Installation and Commissioning
- Potential delays associated with City permitting and Land Use approvals; ROW acquisition / relocations; UPRR permits; and/or Utility relocations
- Potential difficulties with in-river cofferdam construction
- Potential delays in long lead-time items (steel materials, specialty mechanical and electrical materials, etc)
- Significant geotechnical mitigation within Willamette River and near I-5 / I-84 freeway structures

Opportunities

Construction acceleration from contractor input

(Developed as part of October 2021 Project analysis) Construction Start Date: March 2025

Construction Completion Date: August 2030