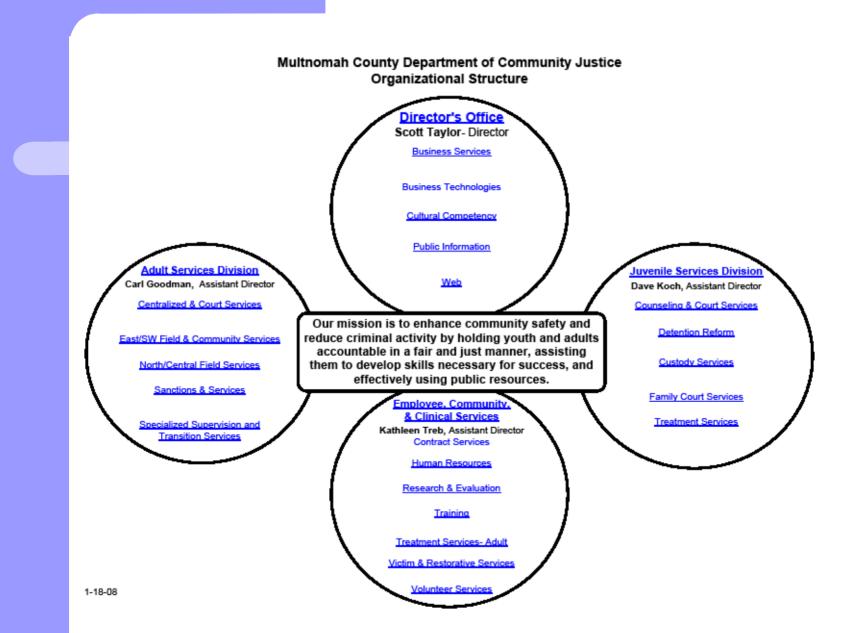
Department of Community Justice

2008-2009 Budget Overview

Scott Taylor, Director April 29, 2008



Department of Community Justice Overview

Juvenile Division

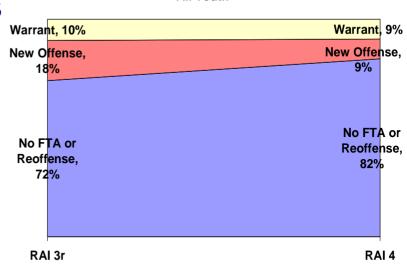
- 650 delinquent youth on probation
- 2,500 youth screened at Juvenile detention
- 1,000 non-adjudicated youth held accountable
- \$96,000 in restitution paid

Adult Division

- 9,000 adult offenders supervised
- 4,300 pre-trial defendants supervised
- 1,600 offenders in treatment per year
- Offenders perform over \$880K in community service

Accomplishments Juvenile Division 2007-2008

- Continued success with highrisk youth
- **Reduced detention disparities**
- Research-tested detention criteria deliver results
- New efforts to curb MIP and Tri-Met violators (with court and DA)



Changes in Detention Screening Outcomes (RAI 3 v. RAI 4)

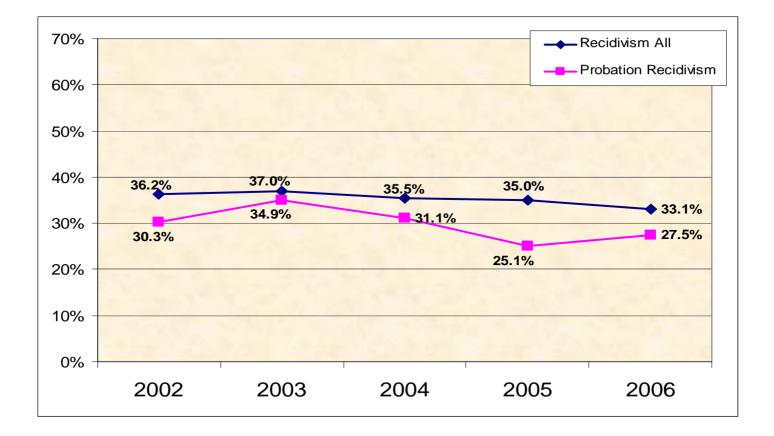
All Youth

Juvenile Division Accomplishments Lower re-offense rates

2002 - 200639% 3500 # undup offenders 38.5% # recidivating 🛏 % recidivating 38% 3201 4 37.9% 3000 2871 37% 2789 2835 2749 2684 2500 36.2% 36% 35 5% 2000 35.0% 35% 34% 1500 33.1% 33% 1214 1000 1104 1010 952 965 939 32% 500 31% 30% 0 2005 2000 2001 2002 2004 2006

Multnomah County Youth Recidivism

Juvenile Division Accomplishments: Success with adjudicated youth



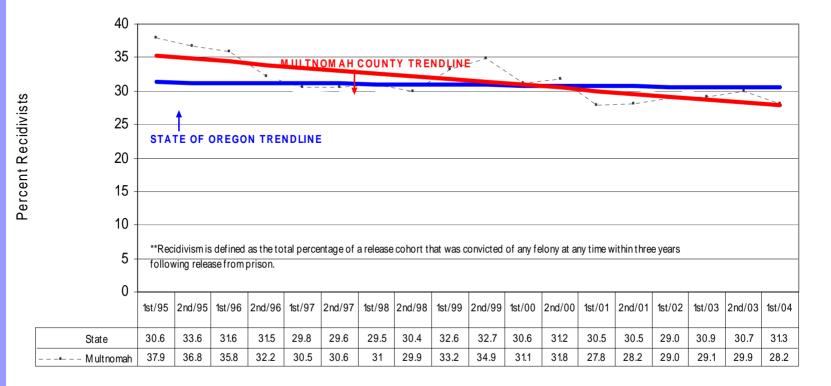
Accomplishments Adult Division 2007-2008

• Less Crime:

- Parole and probation re-offense rates continue to decrease and remain below state average
- Pre-trial Services: less than 1% re-arrest rate (4,300 cases)
- Fewer victims: 83% drop in domestic violence offending after supervision (compared to before supervision)

Adult Division Accomplishments: Declining Re-offense rates

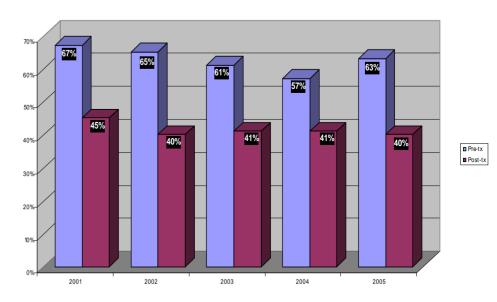
Parole/PPS Recidivism Rates: for Multnomah County and the State of Oregon



Community Partnerships and Employee Services Accomplishments

- Treatment Improves Safety: 1,073 adult offenders in residential and 484 in outpatient alcohol and drug treatment
- Quality assurance: ongoing performance monitoring of contract outcomes

Reductions in Re-arrest: Pretreatment v. Post-treatment



Community Partnerships and Employee Services Accomplishments

 Responsivity: Diversity of DCJ workforce enhances supervision

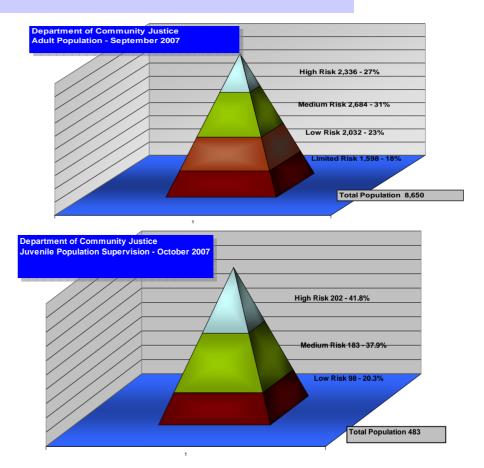
 Cultural competency: over 20% of staff received intensive skill-building (to date)

ETHNICITY	DCJ EMPLOYEES	Adult/ Juvenile Offenders	PDX/VANCOUVER LABOR FORCE
Asian/Pac Islander	5.8%	2%/ 3.8%	4.6%
Black/African- American	14.0%	22%/ 29%	2.1%
Hispanic	6.2%	9% / 11%	6.6%
Native American	1.8%	2%/1.5%	0.8%
White/Caucasian	71.7%	64%/ 54%	83.5%
Not Specified	0.4%	1%/.1%	

How We Approached FY 2009 Budget

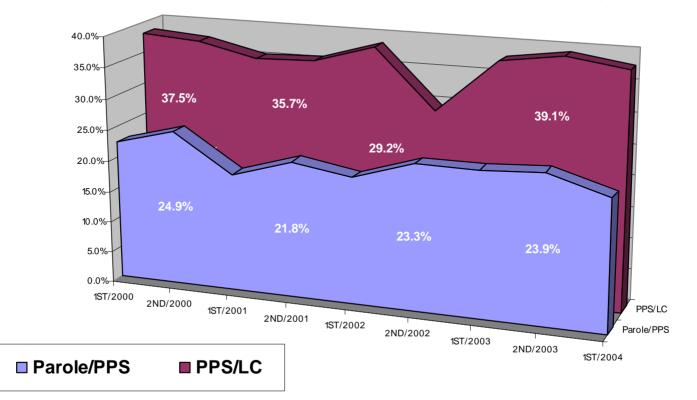
Twin Peaks:

- Identify highest risk adults and youth
- Prioritize intervention based on risks/needs
- Prioritize programs that serve high risk adults and youth



Focus on Risk: Local Control Population





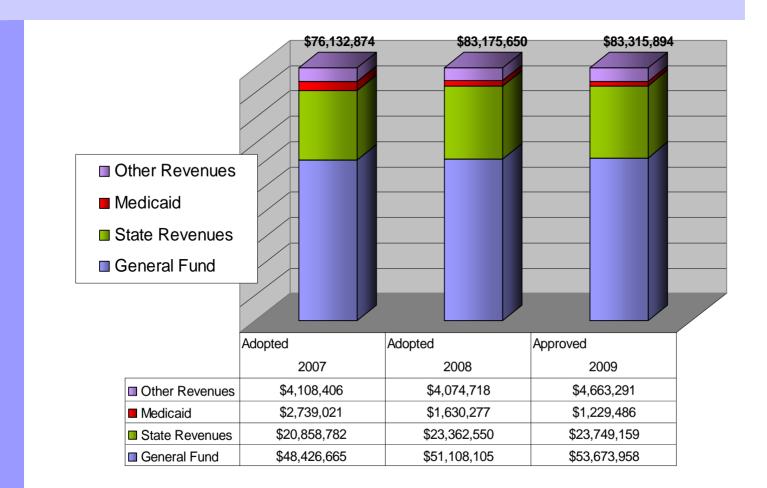
DCJ FY 2008-2009 Proposed Budget Overview

Proposed Budget:

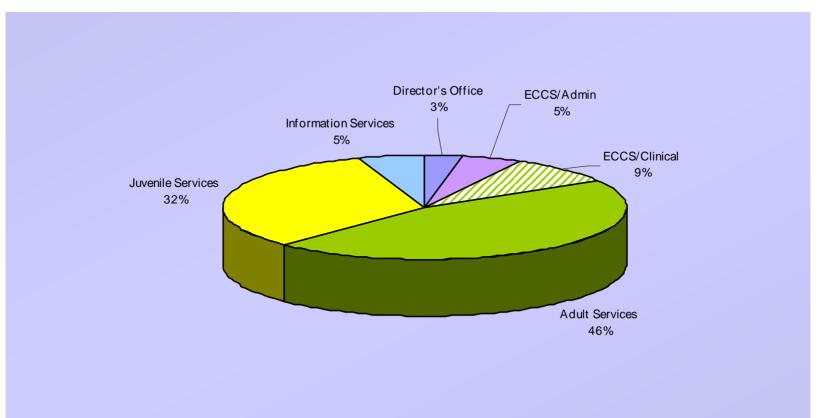
- Maintains public safety as a top priority
- Invests in effective public safety interventions
- Invests in cost-effective public safety interventions
- Reflects new SB1145 formula on Adult side.



DCJ FY 2008-2009 Changes to Major Revenues



DCJ FY 2008-2009 Major Expenditures



Highlights of Proposed Programs

- Community Sanction Alternatives scaleup(50053): Community service, EM, DRC, Londer Center and other alternatives produce lower re-offense rates.
- Wapato secure treatment (contingency): 50 beds drug/alcohol abuse treatment and re-entry for SB1145 offenders.

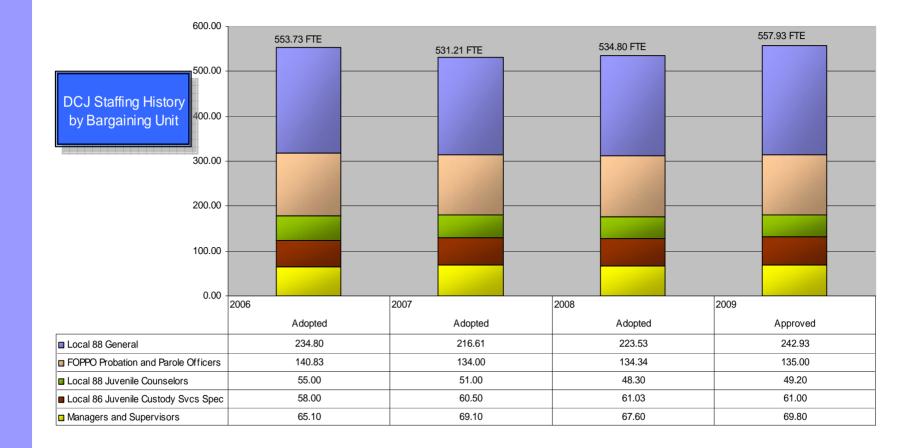


Highlights of Proposed Programs

- School Success Unit (50012): Reconnect 130 probation youth to school.
- CANS (50027A): Reduced court FTA 46%
 -- saving \$6.3M in justice costs.



DCJ FY 2006-2009: Changes in Staffing



One Time Only Funding



Juvenile Justice
Complex and Mead
building debt payment:
saves \$1.8M in CGF
each year.

Programs Revised

- Juvenile Detention 16 Beds (50023C): Low ADP facilitates re-entry program for OYA youth from tricounty region.
- Staff Secure Sex Offender Treatment (50055): Transition SRTP to community-based program.



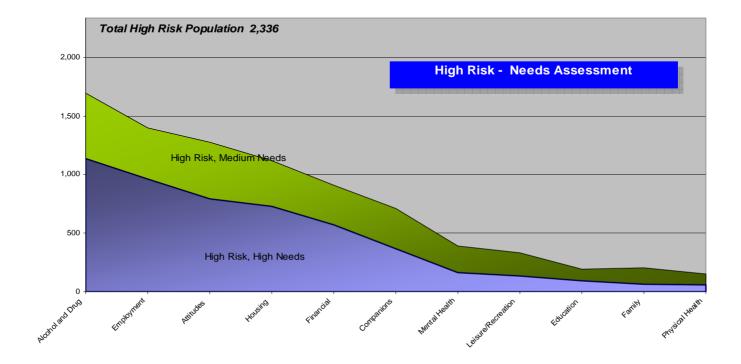
Performance Measures

Adult and Juvenile Benchmarks

- Re-offense rates
- Positive case closures
- Employment (adult)/School attendance (youth)
- Treatment referrals
- Restitution collected
- Community service performed

How do we improve performance?

- Maintain focus on mission
- Take evidence-based practice to next level



State and Federal Funding Impacts

• SB 1145 funding

- Increased funding: Actual cost study takes effect July 1, 2008
- Impact of timber revenue and state economy raise uncertainty
- Continue to work with state on rates for highest cost case loads in SB 1145 formula
- Juvenile Services
 - Changes in BRS funding affect clinical services (SRTP)
 - Timber revenue affects OYA custody capacity

Issues and Challenges

- Need to stabilize local public safety funding
- Need more community-based sanction alternatives
- Need additional drug abuse and mental health treatment capacity
- Need to expand early intervention services for youth
- Impact of economy on offender employment